National Argon Map: an AuScope Initiative ⁴⁰Ar/³⁹Ar Geochronology Laboratory Sample Submission Form

This form must be fully completed before any work can be submitted to the Laboratory.

Person submitting samples: Naina (PhD student- MinEx CRC), ANU
Project Title: Cambro-Ordovician magmatism and deformation at the eastern margin of Gondwana, South
Australia: Insights into tectonic processes and mineral potential
Sample Number: N1903
Date submitted:

GEOGRAPHIC AREA/ PROVINCE/ BASIN:		
1:250k SHEET NAME: Barker	NUMBER: S15413	
1:100k SHEET NAME: Mobilong	NUMBER: 6727	
LOCATION METHOD: (GPS: WGS84 / AGD66 / AGD84 / GDA94) WGS84		
ZONE:		
EASTING:	NORTHING:	
LATITUDE : 35°06'04"S	LONGITUDE: 138°59'56"E	

STRATIGRAPHIC UNIT FORMAL NAME: Kanmantoo Group
STRATIGRAPHIC UNIT INFORMAL NAME: Kanmantoo Group
LITHOLOGY: Sandstones, siltstones, occasionally sulphidic; metamorphosed. Boudinaged quartz vein
intruding andalusite mica-schist of Kanmantoo Group.

DRILLHOLE ID (if applicable):
PROSPECT (if applicable):
DEPTH FROM (metres):
DEPTH TO (metres):

Dating Objective

What is the geological question ⁴⁰Ar/³⁹Ar analysis will address?

Ar-Ar of the Kanmantoo metasediments would give a detailed history of the thermal events and metamorphic history of meta-sediments of the group.

What type of age(s) are expected? (e.g. magmatic crystallisation, metamorphism, fluid alteration/mineralisation, cooling, shearing etc):

Metamorphic, cooling ages etc.

Mineral target(s) for dating (provide approximate K content if known):

White mica (10% K)

Estimated ⁴⁰Ar/³⁹Ar age (e.g. Cenozoic, Mesozoic, Paleozoic, Proterozoic, Archean – provide estimated numerical age range if possible):

The estimated age for the intruding quartz vein is 450Ma.

Relative age constraints (pertinent geological relationships with surrounding rock units and any previous geochronology):

Sample Information

Location description (e.g. a sample of x was collected from y, z km from abc town or locality):

The sample was collected near the Kanmantoo Mine area (35°06'04"S, 138°59'56"E)

Lithological characteristics (rock description):

The sample is a boudinaged quartz vein with white mica flakes (phenocrysts) with red iron-staining, azurite and

malachite staining (blue) intruding and alusite mica-schist of Kanmantoo Group. The mica-schist fabric wraps around the intruding vein.

Thin section description (if available): No thin section available.

Photograph(s) e.g. field site, hand-specimen, photomicrograph: Below is a outcrop view highlighting the dyke

intruding Mannum Granite. This image was captured during my PhD field trip in June 2019.



Relevant bibliographic references:

Jago, J. B., Gum, J. C., Burtt, A. C., & Haines, P. W. (2003). Stratigraphy of the Kanmantoo Group: A critical element of the Adelaide Fold Belt and the Palaeo-Pacific plate margin, Eastern Gondwana. Australian Journal of Earth Sciences, 50(3), 343-363.